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TABLE OF CONTENTS

FOREWORD	1
HIGHLIGHTS	2
PROFILE: STATE OF VERMONT	3
Overview	3
Vermont Population	3
Area Population	3
Income, Wages, Earnings and Consumer Price Index	11
State and County Wages and Income	13
EMPLOYMENT DEVELOPMENTS	
Statewide Employment Trends	14
Vermont Employment Projections to 1990 by Industry	17
LABOR FORCE TRENDS	
Vermont Labor Force	18
Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates	18
Labor Force Developments	18
Unemployment Developments	18
Outlook	19
INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT	
Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed	27
LABOR SUPPLY AND DEMAND	
Characteristics of Fully Registered Active Applicants	28
Job Openings Received	28
1982-83 BEAR FACTS	33
1985 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND EXPLANATIONS	50
ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION	52
GLOSSARY OF TERMS	53

Tables:

1. Population of Major Vermont Cities & Towns, 1970, 1980, Estimated 1983 6
2. Major Employment Centers by County in Vermont 7
3. Top Ten Industries in Vermont, Nonagricultural, 1984 7
4. Vermont Population by Age Group and Sex, 1970, 1980, Estimated 1983 8
5. Population of Vermont Counties, 1970, 1980, Estimated 1983 9
6. Population of Vermont Labor Market Areas, 1970, 1980, Estimated 1983 10
7. Per Capita Income, Annual Average Wages in Covered Employment, Average Hourly Earnings and the Consumer Price Index, 1970-1984 11

7A. Per Capita Disposable Personal Income 12

8. Annual Average Wages and Per Capita Income by County for Vermont, 1983 13
9. Average Estimated Nonagricultural Wage and Salary Employment in Vermont: 1980, 1983, 1984 15
10. Employment in Vermont by Industry, 1980, 1990 17
11. Vermont Labor Force Estimates, Annual Averages, 1976-1984, Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates 20
12. Vermont Labor Force by Age Group - White, Nonwhite, 1984, Current Population Survey Estimates 22
13. Vermont Labor Force by Sex and Race, 1980-1984, Current Population Survey Estimates 23
14. Comparison of Unemployment Rates: Annual Averages, United States, New England and Vermont, 1976 - 1984 24
15. Labor Force Estimates: Vermont Counties, Annual Averages, 1984, Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates 25
16. Labor Force Estimates: Vermont Labor Market Areas, Annual Averages, 1984, Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates 26
17. Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed, Regular Benefits, Vermont, 1984 Annual Averages 27
18. Characteristics of Fully Registered Active Applicants, Vermont Job Service, FY 1983 and FY 1984 29
19. Job Openings Received, Vermont Job Service, FY 1983 and FY 1984 30
20. Full- or Part-Time Status of the Civilian Labor Force by Sex and Age, 1984 Annual Averages, Population Controlled 31
21. Unemployed Persons by Reason for Unemployment by Sex and Age 1984 Annual Averages, Population Controlled 32

Maps:

1. Vermont Counties 4
2. Vermont's 11 Labor Market Areas & the Burlington Metropolitan Statistical Area 5

Figures:

1. Vermont Nonagricultural Estimates, Wage and Salary Employment 16
2. Vermont Labor Force, CPS Adjusted Estimates 21

FOREWORD

The Annual Planning Information report is a statistical and analytical presentation of labor market data for the State of Vermont. This report is intended for use by planners and administrators in developing employment programs and job training plans for the current year. Vocational educators, State and local offices, business, labor and other community leaders who need accurate and timely labor market information at the State and local level for planning and program decision-making should also find this report of value. Additional sources of information as well as more detailed data for some tables are available upon request.

Between 1970 and 1980, Vermont's population grew from 444,732 to 511,456 and between 1980 and 1983, the population increased 13,544, reaching an estimated 525,000. During the comparable periods, Chittenden County recorded the largest population expansion in absolute numbers of people and the St. Albans Labor Market Area registered the greatest percent increase. The town of Colchester showed the largest percentage gain in population between 1970 and 1980 and Kirby registered the largest percentage gain between 1980 and 1983.

During 1984, Vermont's per capita income reached $10,692. Annual wages drawn from unemployment compensation tax reports filed by Vermont's private sector employers averaged $15,201 and average hourly earnings for manufacturing production workers were $8.03. The consumer price index level for the United States averaged 311.1, a 4.3 percent increase over 1983.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment averaged 214,850 jobs in 1984, representing an increase of 8,400 jobs over the 1983 average. Employment in manufacturing increased 1,150 jobs, while nonmanufacturing increased 7,250 jobs.

Vermont's total employment is expected to increase by 47,021 or 22.5 percent between 1980 and 1990 reaching 256,468.

According to Current Population Survey adjusted estimates, Vermont's annual average labor force increased from 219,000 in 1976 to 269,000 in 1984, a gain of 50,000 or 22.8 percent. Vermont's economy showed continued strong improvement in 1984 with the unemployment rate averaging 5.2 percent, down 1.7 percent from 1983.

Regular benefit recipients averaged 4,509 for a survey week in 1984.

During the fiscal year 1984, 75,063 persons were fully registered with Vermont Job Service, an increase of 1,203 from the prior fiscal year.

The number of job openings received by Vermont Job Service during fiscal year 1984 totaled 26,523, a 23.9 percent increase from the previous fiscal year.

Overview

Vermont is a rural state covering 9,278 square miles. It is composed of fourteen counties and divided into twelve labor market areas, as illustrated on maps 1 and 2. According to the Bureau of the Census, the final population count of the State as of April 1, 1980 was 511,456. Burlington with a population of 37,712 is the State's largest city and is situated in Chittenden County bordering Lake Champlain. Other major cities and towns are listed in Table 1. As can be seen, only eight cities and towns had a population of 10,000 or more in 1980. There are several employment centers scattered throughout the State with at least one major employment center in each county except Grand Isle, as shown in Table 2. Table 3 displays the top ten nonagricultural wage and salary industries in Vermont during 1984.

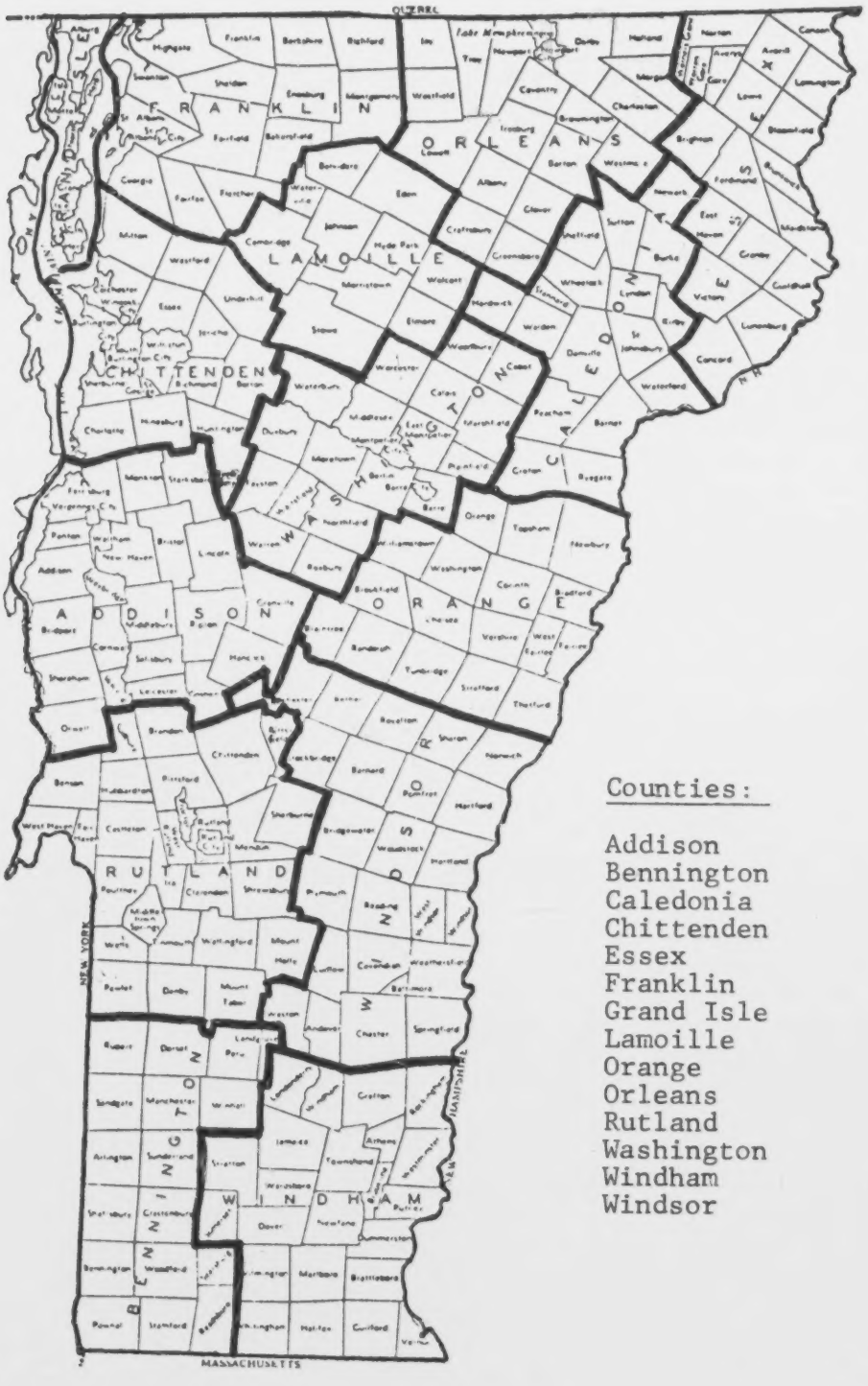
Vermont Population

As shown in Table 4, between 1970 and 1980, Vermont's population grew from 444,732 to 511,456, a 15 percent gain. Between 1980 and 1983, the population increased 13,544, reaching an estimated 525,000. In 1983, females outnumbered males by about 5.6 percent, slightly higher than in 1980. Between 1980 and 1983, the largest share of the population increase occurred in the 40-44 age group, while the smallest expansion occurred in the 55-99 age category. Declines occurred in the following age groups: 5-9, 10-14, 15-19, 50-54. In 1983, the largest proportion was found in the 20-24 age group (9.5 percent), followed closely by the 25-29 age group. The smallest share took place in the 70-74 age category. Vermont's nonwhite population is very small, accounting for less than one percent of the total.

Area Population

Table 5 presents the 1970, 1980 and estimated 1983 population for Vermont's counties. Chittenden County, with a gain of 16,403 between 1970 and 1980 recorded the largest population expansion in absolute numbers of people. Windsor and Rutland Counties, with gains of 6,948 and 5,710 residents respectively over 1970, ranked second and third. Addison County, also registered a noteworthy population expansion, growing from 24,266 in 1970 to 29,406 in 1980. As shown, Grand Isle had the smallest number of residents (4,613) in 1980. Between 1980 and 1983, the greatest increase in population once again occurred in Chittenden County (+4,112). Windham County ranked second with an increase of 1,267 during the same period. The smallest increase in population was registered in Essex County (+299).

MAP 1
VERMONT COUNTIES

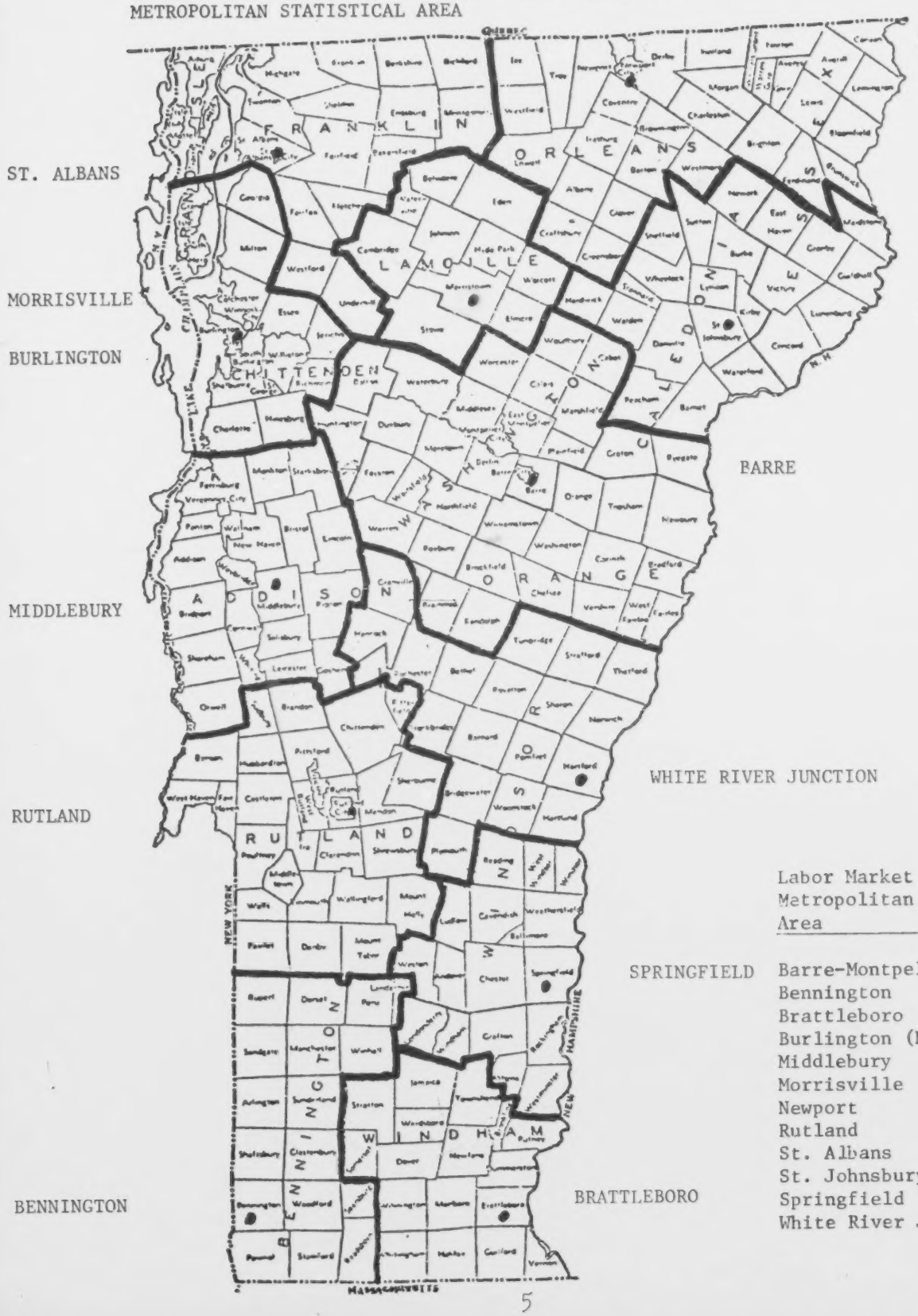


Counties:

Addison
Bennington
Caledonia
Chittenden
Essex
Franklin
Grand Isle
Lamoille
Orange
Orleans
Rutland
Washington
Windham
Windsor

MAP 2

VERMONT'S 11 LABOR MARKET AREAS + THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



Labor Market Areas + Metropolitan Statistical Area

Barre-Montpelier
Bennington
Brattleboro
Burlington (MSA)
Middlebury
Morrisville
Newport
Rutland
St. Albans
St. Johnsbury
Springfield
White River Jct.

*The population of Vermont's Labor Market Areas is shown in Table 6. The greatest percent increase in population between 1970 and 1980 occurred in the Morrisville and White River Junction Areas. During the 1980 and 1983 period, the St. Albans Labor Market Area registered the greatest growth, with a gain of 7.8 percent followed by the Barre-Montpelier Labor Market Area with a gain of 4.9 percent. Referring to Table 1 on this page, the towns of Colchester and Essex in Chittenden County showed the largest percentage gains in population between 1970 and 1980, 43.9 percent and 31.4 percent respectively. Seven major cities and towns recorded declines in population from 1970: Burlington, Rutland City, Brattleboro, Barre City, Montpelier, St. Johnsbury and St. Albans City. Colchester (+6.8) and South Burlington (+5.2) recorded the greatest population growth between 1980 and 1983. During the same period, Rutland City, St. Johnsbury and St. Albans had small population decreases.

*NOTE: Some of the changes are due to adjustments made in Labor Market Areas mandated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of The Census designation of Burlington as a Metropolitan Statistical Area.

TABLE 1
POPULATION OF MAJOR VERMONT CITIES & TOWNS
1970, 1980, Estimated 1983

CITIES & TOWNS, COUNTY	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED 1983 2/	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1983	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1983
Burlington, Chittenden	38,633	37,712	37,894	- 1.9	0.5
Rutland City, Rutland	19,293	18,436	17,910	- 7.2	- 2.9
Bennington, Bennington	14,586	15,815	16,218	11.2	2.6
Essex, Chittenden	10,951	14,392	14,992	36.9	4.2
Colchester, Chittenden	8,776	12,629	13,492	53.7	6.8
Brattleboro, Windham	12,239	11,886	12,155	- 0.7	2.3
S. Burlington, Chittenden	10,032	10,679	11,237	12.0	5.2
Springfield, Windsor	10,063	10,190	10,255	1.9	0.6
Barre City, Washington	10,209	9,824	9,968	- 2.4	1.5
Montpelier, Washington	8,609	8,241	8,277	- 3.9	0.4
Hartford, Windsor (Inc. White River Jct.)	6,477	7,963	8,240	27.2	3.5
St. Johnsbury, Caledonia	8,409	7,938	7,835	- 6.8	- 1.3
Middlebury, Addison	6,532	7,574	7,683	17.6	1.4
St. Albans City, Franklin	8,082	7,308	7,180	- 11.2	- 1.8
Barre Town, Washington	6,509	7,090	7,201	10.6	1.6

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health

TABLE 2
MAJOR EMPLOYMENT CENTERS BY COUNTY IN VERMONT

COUNTY	EMPLOYMENT CENTERS
Addison	Middlebury, Vergennes
Bennington	Bennington
Caledonia	St. Johnsbury
Chittenden	Burlington
Essex	Island Pond
Franklin	St. Albans
Grand Isle	(None)
Lamoille	Morrisville
Orange	Randolph, Bradford
Orleans	Newport
Rutland	Rutland
Washington	Barre, Montpelier
Windham	Brattleboro, Bellows Falls
Windsor	Springfield, White River Jct.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

TABLE 3
TOP TEN INDUSTRIES IN VERMONT
ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
1984

	INDUSTRY	ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT 1/
1.	Local Government	18,800
2.	Health Services	15,950
3.	State Government	13,250
4.	Electrical Machinery Manufacturing	12,900
5.	Eating and Drinking Places	12,450
6.	Contract Construction	12,050
7.	Hotels, Motels, Other Lodging Places	8,400
8.	Educational Services	7,550
9.	Retail Food Stores	6,650
10.	Nonelectrical Machinery Manufacturing	4,950

1/ Based on 1984 Current Employment Statistics Benchmark.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 4

VERMONT POPULATION BY AGE GROUP AND SEX

1970, 1980, ESTIMATED 1983

AGE GROUP	1970 1/			1980 1/			ESTIMATED 1983 2/			% CHANGE 1970-EST. 1983	% CHANGE 1980-EST. 1983	% DISTRIBUTION ESTIMATED 1983
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
0 - 4	39,693	20,312	19,381	35,998	18,480	17,518	39,285	20,164	19,094	- 1.0	9.1	7.4
5 - 9	45,945	23,543	22,402	37,855	19,507	18,348	35,897	18,470	17,427	- 21.9	- 5.2	6.8
10 - 14	45,691	23,736	21,955	42,650	21,930	20,720	40,688	20,937	19,751	- 11.6	- 4.6	7.8
15 - 19	44,431	21,950	22,481	51,287	25,552	25,735	46,440	23,131	23,309	4.5	- 9.5	8.9
20 - 24	36,037	17,416	18,621	48,637	23,975	24,662	49,596	24,459	25,137	37.6	2.0	9.5
25 - 29	28,950	14,465	14,485	44,485	21,997	22,848	48,013	23,691	24,322	65.9	7.1	9.2
30 - 34	23,770	11,990	11,780	42,325	21,186	21,139	44,193	21,969	22,224	85.9	4.4	8.4
35 - 39	22,735	11,326	11,409	32,371	16,283	16,088	37,626	18,759	18,867	65.5	16.2	7.2
40 - 44	23,993	11,743	12,250	25,023	12,511	12,512	29,313	16,616	14,697	22.2	17.1	5.6
45 - 49	23,793	11,521	12,272	23,618	11,769	11,849	24,417	12,204	12,213	2.6	3.4	4.6
50 - 54	22,544	10,944	11,600	24,156	11,788	12,368	23,205	11,399	11,806	2.9	- 3.9	4.5
55 - 59	20,620	9,916	10,704	23,502	11,143	12,359	23,539	11,255	12,284	14.2	0.2	4.5
60 - 64	18,994	9,076	9,918	21,023	9,803	11,220	22,137	10,321	11,816	16.6	5.3	4.2
65 - 69	15,674	7,048	8,626	18,580	8,499	10,081	18,810	8,603	10,207	20.0	1.2	3.6
70 - 74	12,727	5,361	7,366	15,193	6,342	8,851	15,893	6,621	9,272	24.9	4.6	3.0
75+	19,135	7,015	12,120	24,393	8,315	16,078	25,975	8,798	17,177	35.8	6.4	5.0
TOTAL	444,732	217,362	227,370	511,456	249,080	262,376	525,000	255,397	269,603	18.1	2.7	100.0

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health

TABLE 5
POPULATION OF VERMONT COUNTIES
1970, 1980, ESTIMATED 1983

AREA	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED 1983 2/	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1983	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1983
VERMONT	444,732	511,456	525,000	18.1	2.7
Addison County	24,266	29,406	30,623	26.2	4.1
Bennington County	29,282	33,345	34,496	17.8	3.5
Caledonia County	22,789	25,808	26,340	15.6	2.1
Chittenden County	99,131	115,534	119,646	20.7	3.6
Essex County	5,416	6,313	6,542	20.8	3.6
Franklin County	31,282	34,788	35,478	13.4	2.8
Grand Isle County	3,574	4,613	4,936	38.1	7.0
Lamoille County	13,309	16,767	17,392	30.7	3.7
Orange County	17,676	22,739	23,526	38.8	3.5
Orleans County	20,153	23,440	23,714	17.7	1.2
Rutland County	52,637	58,347	58,632	11.4	0.5
Washington County	47,659	52,393	53,340	11.9	1.8
Windham County	33,476	36,933	38,200	14.1	3.4
Windsor County	44,082	51,030	52,135	18.3	2.2

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health.

TABLE 6
POPULATION OF VERMONT LABOR MARKET AREAS
1970, 1980, Estimated 1983

AREA	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED * 1983 2/	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1983	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1983
VERMONT	444,732	511,456	525,000	18.1	2.7
Barre-Montpelier	64,157	73,040	76,580	19.4	4.9
Bennington	29,282	33,345	34,496	17.8	3.5
Brattleboro	24,265	26,315	27,282	12.4	3.7
Burlington	100,808	117,960	118,187	17.2	0.2
Middlebury	23,728	28,784	29,955	26.2	4.1
Morrisville	13,309	16,767	17,392	30.7	3.7
Newport	23,058	26,782	27,181	17.9	1.5
Rutland	52,637	58,347	58,632	11.4	0.5
St. Albans	33,178	36,975	39,856	20.1	7.8
St. Johnsbury	23,805	27,112	27,685	16.3	2.1
Springfield	33,621	36,554	37,114	10.4	1.5
White River Jct.	22,884	29,475	30,640	33.9	4.0

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health.

NOTE: * Changes in some Labor Market Areas were made as mandated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census for the designation of the Burlington Metropolitan Statistical Area.

TABLE 7
PER CAPITA INCOME, ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES IN COVERED EMPLOYMENT
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS AND THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
1970-1984

	VERMONT				U.S.			
Year	Per Capita Income	% Change	Annual Averages Wages	% Change	Average Hourly Earnings	% Change	Consumer Price Index	% Change
1970	$ 3,530	-	$ 6,685	-	$2.93	-	116.3	-
1971	3,722	5.4	6,979	4.4	3.12	6.5	121.3	4.3
1972	3,947	6.0	6,949	-.4	3.28	5.1	125.3	3.3
1973	4,291	8.7	7,301	5.1	3.50	6.7	133.1	6.2
1974	4,593	7.0	7,747	6.1	3.78	8.0	147.1	11.0
1975	4,901	6.7	8,167	5.4	4.07	7.7	161.2	9.1
1976	5,362	9.4	8,727	6.9	4.40	8.1	170.5	5.8
1977	5,752	7.3	9,199	5.4	4.70	6.8	181.5	6.5
1978	6,468	12.4	9,936	8.0	5.10	8.5	195.4	7.7
1979	7,118	10.0	10,829	9.0	5.53	8.4	217.4	11.3
1980	7,833	10.0	11,840	9.3	6.14	11.0	246.8	13.5
1981	8,882	13.4	12,792	8.0	6.79	10.6	272.3	10.3
1982	9,478	6.7	13,585	6.2	7.35	8.2	289.1	6.2
1983	10,036	5.9	14,469	6.1	7.66	4.2	298.4	3.2
1984	10,692	6.5	15,201*	5.1	8.03	4.8	311.1	4.3

* Subject to revision.

Income, Wages, Earnings and the Consumer Price Index

The information for the table above came from a variety of sources. Per capita income figures are produced by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (April, 1984). Per capita income is calculated by dividing total personal income by population. Fluctuations in population and/or personal income can affect per capita income. Nonetheless, per capita income is regarded as an indicator of economic well-being.

The annual average wages are drawn from unemployment compensation tax reports filed by Vermont's private sector employers. Total wages are divided by annual average employment. The total wages include overtime wages, commissions and bonuses. Employment includes full-time and part-time employees.

TABLE 7A
Per Capita Disposable Personal Income

YEAR	VT	VT % Change	US	US % Change	YEAR	VT	VT % Change	US	US % Change
1948	$ 1,090	--	$1,278	--	1966	$2,323	9.7	$2,602	6.7
1949	1,039	- 4.7	1,255	- 1.8	1967	2,457	5.8	2,747	5.6
1950	1,072	3.2	1,357	8.1	1968	2,637	7.3	2,947	7.3
1951	1,198	11.8	1,460	7.6	1969	2,788	5.7	3,144	6.7
1952	1,224	2.2	1,511	3.5	1970	2,992	7.3	3,382	7.6
1953	1,273	4.0	1,578	4.4	1971	3,235	8.1	3,608	6.7
1954	1,306	2.6	1,580	0.1	1972	3,332	3.0	3,846	6.6
1955	1,349	3.3	1,658	4.9	1973	3,675	10.3	4,302	11.9
1956	1,440	6.8	1,737	4.8	1974	3,955	7.6	4,655	8.2
1957	1,499	4.1	1,797	3.5	1975	4,247	7.4	5,063	8.8
1958	1,501	0.1	1,820	1.3	1976	4,677	10.1	5,468	8.0
1959	1,588	5.8	1,900	4.4	1977	4,973	6.3	5,957	8.9
1960	1,663	4.7	1,938	2.0	1978	5,695	14.5	6,611	10.9
1961	1,715	3.1	1,981	2.2	1979	6,259	9.9	7,314	10.6
1962	1,780	3.8	2,065	4.2	1980	6,817	8.9	8,016	9.6
1963	1,801	1.2	2,135	3.4	1981	7,708	13.1	8,859	10.5
1964	1,930	7.2	2,286	7.1	1982	8,189	6.2	9,374	5.8
1965	2,117	9.7	2,438	6.7	1983	8,614	5.2	9,962	6.3

Department of Employment & Training
Research & Statistics
April 1985

Source: US Department of Commerce
Bureau of Economic Analysis

Income, Wages, Earnings and Consumer Price Index (cont'd)

The average hourly earnings figures are for production workers in manufacturing. Wages are gross wage figures, before deductions, and do not include bonuses (unless paid regularly), or retroactive pay. Hours include, in addition to straight time, those for overtime, vacations, holidays, and sick leave. The annual average wage, as well as the average hourly earnings figures, are compiled by the Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

The United States Consumer Price Index is produced by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. It is the index for all urban consumers (CPI-U). The index figures presented are annual averages of the United States city average, where 1967 is the index base year (1967=100).

State and County Wages and Income

The table below provides Vermont state and county data. Annual average wage figures are compiled by the Vermont Department of Employment and Training. Per capita income figures are compiled by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Annual average wage figures are based on employment. Per capita income figures are based on population. Whereas wage figures are derived from earned income, per capita income figures include earned income as well as income from all other sources (interest income, rent income, transfer payments, etc.)

TABLE 8
ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES AND
PER CAPITA INCOME BY COUNTY FOR VERMONT
1983

COUNTY	Annual Average Wages in Covered Employment in 1983 (Private)	Per Capita Income 1983
Vermont	$14,469	$ 9,957
Addison	13,292	8,346
Bennington	12,996	10,463
Caledonia	13,632	8,623
Chittenden	16,990	11,254
Essex	14,953	7,592
Franklin	13,191	9,033
Grand Isle	8,385	8,746
Lamoille	11,048	9,343
Orange	11,412	8,212
Orleans	11,848	7,609
Rutland	13,952	10,136
Washington	13,427	10,589
Windham	14,049	10,216
Windsor	13,740	10,384

Statewide Employment Trends

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment averaged 214,850 jobs in 1984. This represented an increase of 9,850 jobs over the 1983 average. Employment in manufacturing increased 1,350 jobs, while nonmanufacturing increased 8,500 jobs.

The manufacturing sector averaged 48,750 jobs in 1984. Durable goods employment increased 950 jobs (2.8 percent). The increase was spread throughout the durable goods industries except for furniture and fixtures, stone, clay and glass and fabricated metal products which averaged about the same as in 1983.

Nondurable goods increased by 400 from the previous year with activity in all industries. Food increased 200 jobs, apparel increased 150 jobs, printing and publishing increased 100 jobs, rubber and miscellaneous plastics and other nondurables each increased 50 jobs. The only decrease was seen in paper (-150).

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 8,500 jobs, 5.4 percent above the 1983 figure. Service and miscellaneous increased 2,500 jobs, contract construction increased 1,150 jobs, finance, insurance and real estate increased 550 jobs, government increased 350 jobs (local government +400) and trade increased 3,500 jobs, mainly in retail trade. Transportation and public utilities increased 500 jobs. The transportation industry increased 350 jobs over the 1983 average, while the public utilities and communications sector increased 150. Mining and quarrying employment declined slightly.

Between 1980 and 1984, nonagricultural wage and salary employment expanded by 14,750 jobs, a 7.4 percent increase. All of the growth was registered in the nonmanufacturing sector.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 8,500 over the four year period. Service and miscellaneous grew by 2,500 jobs, trade increased 3,500, construction gained 1,150 jobs and finance, insurance and real estate increased by 550, government increased 350 jobs and transportation and public utilities gained 500 jobs. Mining and quarrying declined slightly.

Manufacturing increased 1,350 over this same period. Only stone, clay and glass and paper showed decreases.

Table 9, which follows, compares nonagricultural wage and salary employment data for 1980, 1982 and 1984. Figure 1 on page 16 illustrates the employment trend for nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Vermont for the period 1970-1983.

TABLE 9

AVERAGE ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT 1/ IN VERMONT: 1980, 1983, 1984
NUMERICAL CHANGE AND PERCENT CHANGE

INDUSTRIAL CATEGORY	EMPLOYMENT			1980 - 1984		1983 - 1984	
	1980	1983	1984	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Numerical Change	Percent Change
Total	200,100	205,000	214,850	14,750	7.4	9,850	4.8
Manufacturing	50,900	47,400	48,750	- 2,150	- 4.2	1,350	2.9
Durable Goods	37,050	33,800	34,750	- 2,300	- 6.2	950	2.8
Lumber & Wood Products	3,750	3,550	3,800	50	1.3	250	7.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2,650	1,850	1,850	- 800	-30.1	0	0
Stone, Clay & Glass	2,350	2,150	2,100	- 250	-10.6	- 50	- 2.3
Fabricated Metal Products 2/	3,700	3,700	3,700	0	0	0	0
Machinery, Exc. Elec.	7,300	4,850	4,950	- 2,450	-33.6	100	2.1
Electrical Machinery 2/	11,200	12,600	12,900	1,400	12.5	300	2.4
Other 2/ & 3/	6,100	5,100	5,450	- 1,000	-16.4	250	4.9
NonDurable Goods	13,850	13,600	14,000	- 250	- 1.8	400	2.9
Food	2,350	2,300	2,500	- 50	- 2.1	200	8.7
Apparel	1,650	1,550	1,700	- 100	- 6.1	150	9.7
Paper	2,700	2,750	2,600	50	1.9	- 150	- 5.5
Printing & Publishing	3,900	3,700	3,800	- 200	- 5.1	100	2.7
Rubber, Misc. Plastic Prods.	1,600	1,400	1,450	- 200	-12.5	50	3.6
Other 4/	1,650	1,900	1,950	250	15.2	50	2.6
Nonmanufacturing	149,200	157,600	166,100	16,900	11.3	8,500	5.4
Mining & Quarrying	700	550	500	150	21.4	- 50	- 9.1
Contract Construction	10,100	10,900	12,050	800	7.9	1,150	10.6
Transp. & Public Utilities	8,750	8,700	9,200	- 50	- 0.6	500	5.8
Trade: Wholesale & Retail	40,750	43,250	46,750	2,500	6.1	3,500	8.1
Fin., Ins. & Real Estate	8,050	8,850	9,400	800	9.9	550	6.2
Service & Miscellaneous	43,850	49,100	51,600	5,250	12.0	2,500	5.1
Government	37,000	36,250	36,600	750	2.0	350	1.0
Federal	4,550	4,500	4,550	- 50	- 1.1	50	1.1
State	13,550	13,350	13,250	- 200	- 1.5	- 100	- 0.8
Local	18,900	18,400	18,800	- 500	- 2.7	400	2.2

1/ Establishment based data. Based on Current Employment Statistics data.
2/ Data not comparable to figures released prior to January, 1980 due to industrial reclassification.
3/ Includes primary metal products, transportation equipment, professional and scientific instruments, miscellaneous manufacturing.
4/ Includes textiles, chemicals, leather & leather products, petroleum refining and related industries.
Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

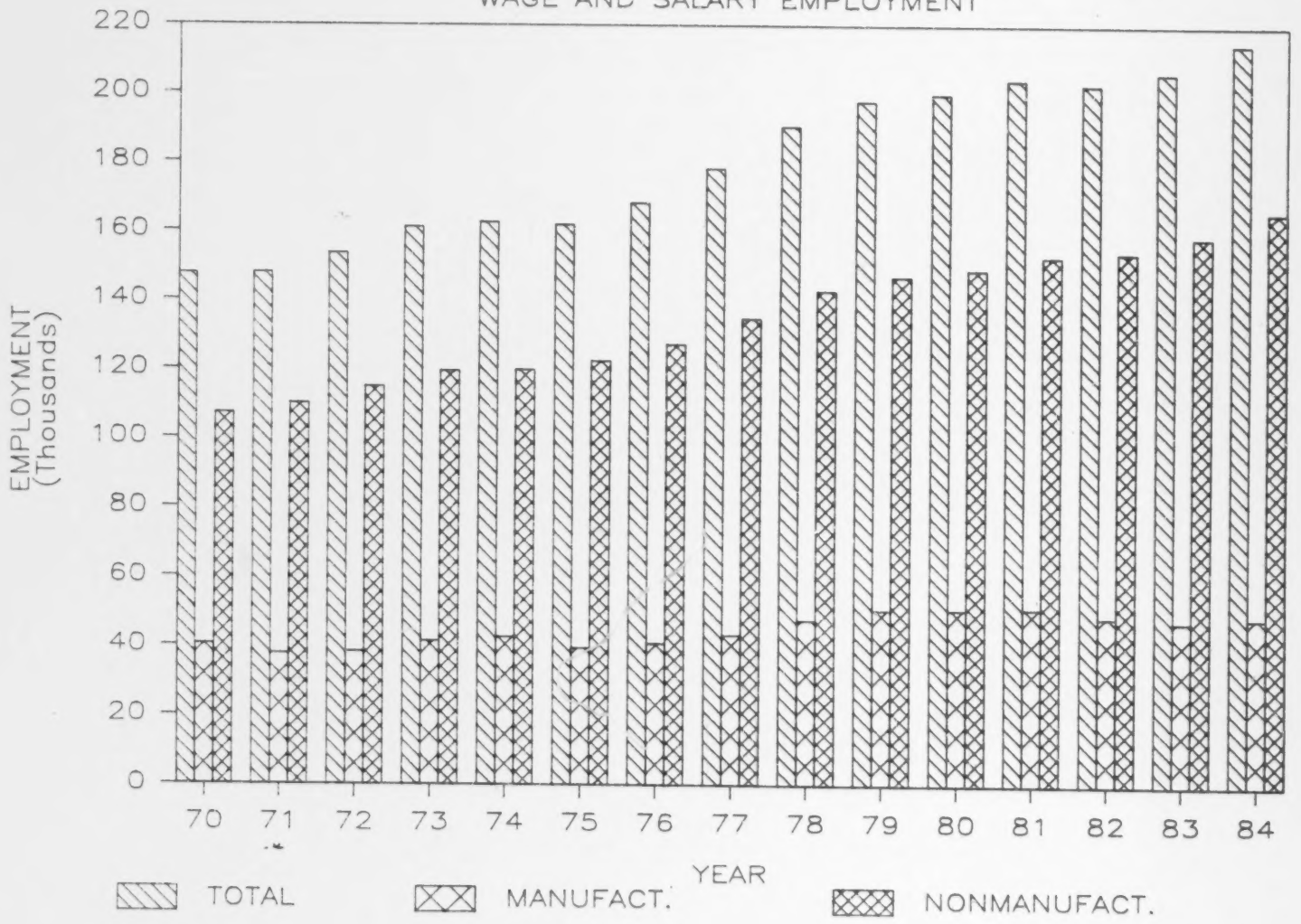


FIGURE 1

1/ Annual Averages

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Vermont Employment Projections to 1990 by Industry

Table 10 exhibits employment projections by industry to 1990. These projections indicate that total employment is expected to increase by 47,021 or 22.5 percent between 1980 and 1990 reaching 256,468. Services, manufacturing and retail trade will continue to employ the largest number of people and show the most increase through 1990. Government and construction are also expected to provide a moderate number of new jobs. Agricultural production and mining and quarrying will continue to decline. For more detailed information, see the Vermont Employment Projections to 1990; May 1983 edition.

TABLE 10
EMPLOYMENT IN VERMONT BY INDUSTRY
1980 and 1990

INDUSTRY TITLE	1980 ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT	1990 PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT	CHANGE BETWEEN 1980-1990 AMOUNT	CHANGE BETWEEN 1980-1990 PERCENT
Total All Industries	209,447	256,468	47,021	22.5
Agr., Forestry, & Fisheries	6,100	5,677	- 423	- 6.9
Mining & Construction	10,813	14,350	3,537	32.7
Manufacturing	50,873	60,949	10,076	19.8
Durable Goods	37,019	46,774	9,775	26.4
Nondurable Goods	13,854	14,175	321	2.3
Transportation & Utilities 1/	10,517	12,050	1,533	14.6
Wholesale Trade	7,518	9,500	1,982	26.4
Retail Trade	33,263	41,950	8,687	26.1
Finance, Ins., & Real Estate	8,038	10,000	1,962	24.4
Services	66,925	82,892	15,967	23.9
Government	15,400	19,100	3,700	24.0
Federal, except Postal	2,777	3,200	423	15.2
State, except Education	7,878	9,900	2,022	25.7
Local, except Education	4,745	6,000	1,255	26.4

1/ Includes U. S. Postal Service.

NOTE: Self-employed and unpaid family workers are NOT included in this table.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

Vermont Labor Force

Labor force, employment and unemployment estimates by place of residence contained in this publication of the Current Population Survey adjusted estimates. The Current Population Survey adjusted estimates consist of Handbook estimates (A43 step methodology) which has been adjusted to levels consistent with the Current Population Survey. This survey is a national survey conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the Census Bureau to determine labor force, employment and unemployment for the nation. The Current Population Survey adjusted estimates are the official series used for revenue sharing and distribution of funds in all federal programs that are dependent on local area unemployment estimates.

Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates

Labor Force Developments

According to Current Population Survey adjusted estimates, Vermont's annual average labor force increased from 219,000 in 1976 to 269,000 in 1984, a gain of 50,000 or 22.0 percent as shown in Table 11 and Figure 2. This labor force expansion not only resulted from growth in the working-age population, but also from changing patterns in labor force participation. The teenage labor force (16-19) participation rate climbed from 40.1 percent in 1970 to 59.2 percent in 1984. Women's participation rate rose from 48.1 percent in 1976 to 58.0 percent in 1984.

As can be seen in Table 12, the largest number of participants in Vermont's labor force during 1984 occurred in the 25-34 age group. Table 13 exhibits Vermont's labor force by sex and race for 1980 and 1984. In 1984 women comprised 43.1 percent of the labor force as compared with 42.9 percent in 1980. The male proportion of the labor force declined slightly from 57.1 percent in 1980 to 56.9 in 1984. Nonwhites account for only a small portion of the labor force in Vermont as shown in Table 13.

Tables 15 and 16 present labor force estimates for Vermont's counties and labor market areas during 1984. Chittenden County and Burlington Labor Market Area posted the greatest number of labor force participants. Grand Isle County and Morrisville Labor Market Area showed the least number of labor force participants.

Unemployment Developments

Vermont's economy showed continued improvement in 1984. The 1984 unemployment rate averaged 5.2 percent, declining from the 1982 and 1983 average rate. The average number of unemployed also declined from the 1983 level to 14,000. During 1984, Chittenden County and the Burlington Labor Market Area posted the lowest unemployment rates while Orleans County and the Newport Labor Market Area recorded the highest unemployment rates.

Between 1983 and 1984, the New England unemployment rate decreased 1.9 percent and the United States rate decreased 2.1 percentage points. A comparison in unemployment rates for the United States, New England and Vermont during the period 1976 and 1984 is shown in Table 14.

Outlook

The Vermont economy is expected to improve through 1985. The labor force will continue to grow, although at a much slower rate than was evident during the past decade. Nonagricultural wage and salary employment will continue to improve as nonmanufacturing shows gains in employment. These gains are not expected to reach the 1983-1984 increase of 9,850 jobs.

TABLE 11
VERMONT LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1976-1984
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

YEAR	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
1976	219,000	19,000	8.7	200,000
1977	231,000	16,000	7.0	215,000
1978	243,000	14,000	5.7	229,000
1979	247,000	12,000	5.1	235,000
1980	253,000	16,000	6.4	237,000
1981	261,000	15,000	5.7	246,000
1982	267,000	18,000	6.9	249,000
1983	267,000	18,000	6.9	249,000
1984	269,000	14,000	5.2	255,000

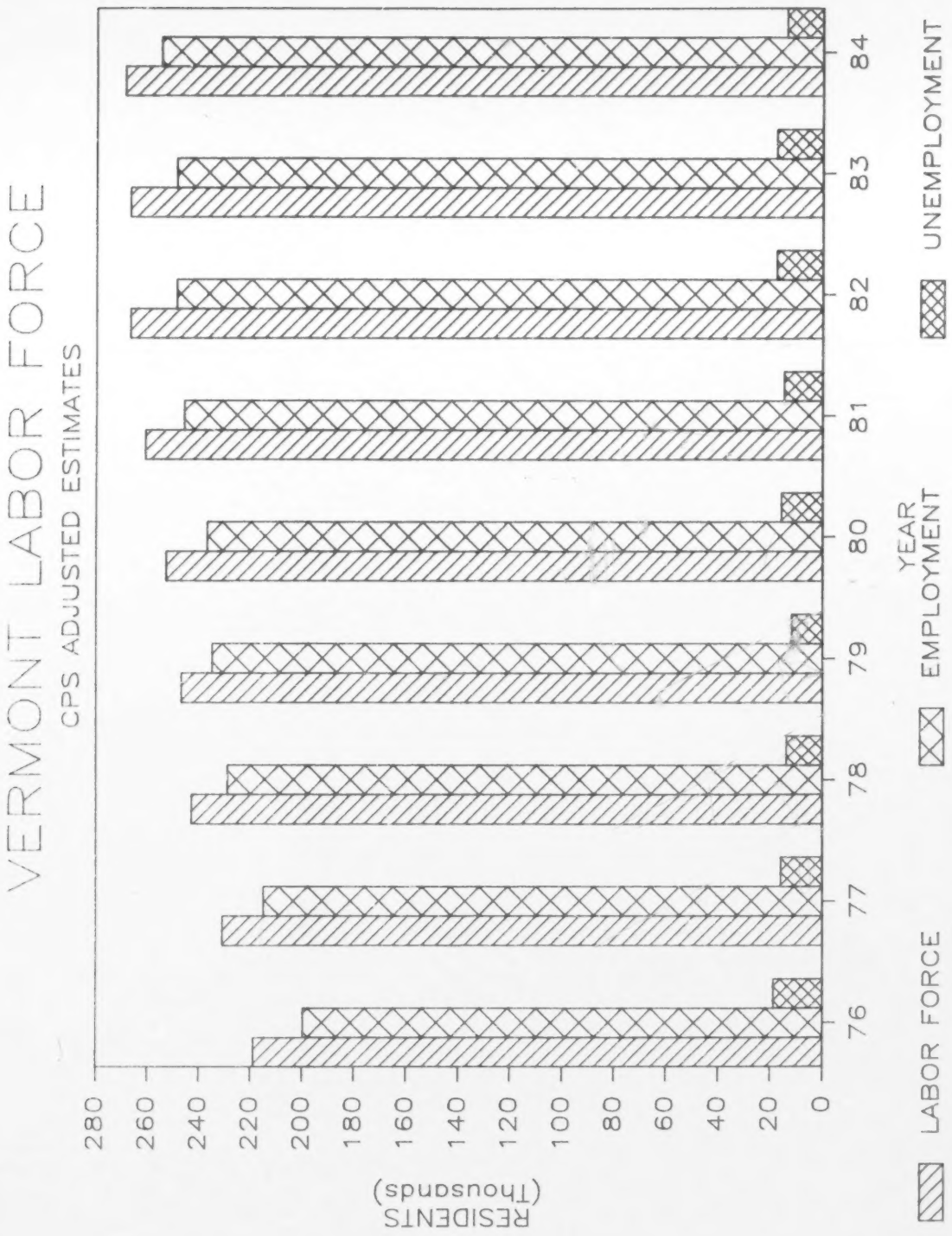
1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.

For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

FIGURE 2



1/ Current Population Survey - Annual Averages

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 12
VERMONT LABOR FORCE BY AGE GROUP - WHITE, NONWHITE*
1984
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

AGE GROUP	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	UNEMPLOYED		TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
		NUMBER	RATE (%)	
TOTAL				
16 - 19	19,000	2,000	12.6	17,000
20 - 24	39,000	2,000	6.4	36,000
25 - 34	82,000	5,000	5.8	78,000
35 - 44	55,000	3,000	4.6	52,000
45 - 64	67,000	N.A.	N.A.	65,000
65+	7,000	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
TOTAL	269,000	14,000	5.2	255,000
WHITE				
16 - 19	19,000	2,000	12.2	17,000
20 - 24	38,000	2,000	6.2	35,000
25 - 34	82,000	5,000	5.7	77,000
35 - 44	54,000	2,000	4.5	52,000
45 - 64	67,000	N.A.	N.A.	65,000
65+	7,000	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
TOTAL	267,000	14,000	5.1	253,000
NONWHITE				
16 - 19	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
20 - 24	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
25 - 34	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
35 - 44	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
45 - 64	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
65+	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
TOTAL	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

* - Excludes Military personnel
N.A. - Not available

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE 13
VERMONT LABOR FORCE BY SEX AND RACE *
1980 - 1984
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

BY SEX

	1980 1/			1984 2/		
	TOTAL**	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
Labor Force	242,500	138,500	104,000	269,000	153,000	116,000
Unemployment	15,300	9,100	6,200	14,000	8,000	6,000
Rate	6.3%	6.5%	6.0%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%
Employment	227,200	129,400	97,800	255,000	145,000	110,000

BY RACE

	1980 1/			1984 2/		
	TOTAL**	WHITE	NONWHITE	TOTAL	WHITE	NONWHITE
Labor Force	242,500	240,700	1,800	269,000	267,000	N.A.
Unemployment	15,300	15,100	200	14,000	14,000	N.A.
Rate	6.3%	6.3%	9.6%	5.2%	5.1%	N.A.
Employment	227,200	225,600	1,600	255,000	253,000	N.A.

* - Excludes Military personnel.

** - Because of difference in methodology, 1980 labor force data as presented in this table is not identical to 1980 labor force data shown in Table 11.

Data may not add to totals.

N.A. - Not available

1/ Source: 1980 Census Data.
2/ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 14
COMPARISON OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: ANNUAL AVERAGES
UNITED STATES, NEW ENGLAND AND VERMONT
1976-1984

	UNITED STATES *1/	NEW ENGLAND **1/	VERMONT **2/
1976	7.7	9.1	8.7
1977	7.1	7.7	7.0
1978	6.1	5.7	5.7
1979	5.8	5.4	5.1
1980	7.1	5.9	6.4
1981	7.6	6.3	5.7
1982	9.7	7.8	6.9
1983	9.6	6.8	6.9
1984	7.5	4.9	5.2

Methodology:
* Current Population Survey Estimates.
** Current Population Survey Adjusted Estimates.

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2/ Vermont Department of Employment & Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 15
LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES: VERMONT COUNTIES
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1984
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
Addison	17,050	900	5.2%	16,150
Bennington	17,250	1,050	6.1	16,200
Caledonia	11,600	1,800	7.1	10,800
Chittenden	72,150	2,650	3.7	69,500
Essex	2,550	200	7.9	2,350
Franklin	16,050	1,100	6.9	14,950
Grand Isle	2,300	150	7.5	2,150
Lamoille	10,200	800	7.7	9,400
Orange	11,250	500	4.5	10,750
Orleans	9,300	800	8.5	8,500
Rutland	28,750	1,400	4.9	27,350
Washington	27,700	1,400	5.1	26,300
Windham	20,750	1,200	5.8	19,550
Windsor	22,100	1,050	4.8	21,050
STATEWIDE	269,000	14,000	5.2	255,000

1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.

For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 16
LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES: VERMONT LABOR MARKET AREAS
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1984
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ADJUSTED ESTIMATES

LABOR MARKET AREA	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
Barre-Montpelier	39,150	2,000	5.1%	37,150
Bennington	17,250	1,050	6.1	16,200
Brattleboro	16,250	800	4.9	15,450
Burlington	72,150	2,600	3.6	69,550
Middlebury	16,750	850	5.0	15,900
Morrisville	10,150	800	7.7	9,350
Newport	10,550	850	8.3	9,700
Rutland	28,750	1,400	4.9	27,350
St. Albans	17,400	1,250	7.2	16,150
St. Johnsbury	12,000	850	7.1	11,150
Springfield	14,950	950	6.4	14,000
White River Jct.	13,650	600	4.4	13,050
STATEWIDE	269,000	14,000	5.2	255,000

1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.
For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed

Selected characteristics of the Regular Benefit Program's insured unemployed are shown below in Table 17. The Regular Benefit Program, while including a substantial proportion of the covered unemployed, does not include all recipients. Regular benefit recipients averaged 4,509 for a survey week in 1984. There were 2,731 male recipients, 60.6 percent of the total. The 25-44 year old age group numbered 2,479. This exceeded the other two age groups. There were 65 recipients with previous employment in the mining industry. There were 1,148 recipients collecting benefits from manufacturing firms. The occupational group with the largest number of recipients was the miscellaneous work group (1,097). The largest number of recipients were unemployed 15 weeks and over (2,184).

TABLE 17
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED
REGULAR BENEFITS 1/
VERMONT
1984 ANNUAL AVERAGES 2/

CHARACTERISTICS	1984 NUMBER	%
TOTAL	4,509	100.0
SEX		
Male	2,731	60.6
Female	1,778	39.4
AGE		
Under 25	1,061	23.5
25 - 44	2,479	55.0
45 and over	969	21.5
INDUSTRY		
Mining	65	1.4
Construction	978	21.7
Manufacturing	1,148	25.5
Durable Goods	720	16.0
Nondurable Goods	428	9.5
Trans., Comm. & Pub. Util.	105	2.3
Trade	718	15.9
F.I.R.E. 3/	72	1.6
Service	925	20.6
Miscellaneous	498	11.0
OCCUPATION		
Professional 4/	472	10.5
Clerical & Sales	647	14.3
Service	585	13.0
Farming 5/	84	1.9
Processing	102	2.3
Machine Trades	343	7.6
Bench Work	294	6.5
Structural Work	885	19.6
Miscellaneous 6/	1,097	24.3
DURATION		
1-2 Weeks	322	7.1
3-4 Weeks	349	7.7
5-14 Weeks	1,654	36.7
15 Weeks and over	2,184	48.5

1/ Includes only State Funded Regular Unemployment Insurance benefit recipients. Those who received benefits from supplemental programs using some Federal Funds (Extended Benefits or Federal Supplemental Compensation) were not included in the records maintenance.
2/ An average of the March, June, September, and December survey weeks.
3/ Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.
4/ Also includes Technical and Managerial Occupations.
5/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry Occupations.
6/ Motor Freight, Transportation, Packaging & Materials Handling, and other Occupations.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

Characteristics of Fully Registered Active Applicants

There were 75,063 applicants fully registered with Vermont Job Service during the 1984 fiscal year (Table 18). This was 1.6 percent above the previous year. Male applicants represented 57.2 percent of the total, or 42,943 applicants. The clerical and sales occupational group had the largest number, as well as percentage, of fully registered applicants, with 16,334 applicants representing 21.8 percent of the total. The percentage distribution of occupational groups reflected statewide industrial changes as Vermont's economy gained momentum from the recession. Fully registered applicants 21 years old or less represented a substantially smaller percentage of fully registered active applicants in 1984 versus 1983. Applicants with 12 years of education had the largest number of applicants (35,839) among the four education groups. While the number of Veterans exhibited a small change year to year, there was a 6.8 percent increase in the number of Vietnam Veterans to 4,465 applicants. Handicapped applicants decreased 2.3 percent year to year, with 3,431 handicapped fully registered applicants in 1984.

Job Openings Received

The number of job openings received by Vermont Job Service during fiscal year 1983 totaled 26,523, a 23.9 percent increase over the prior year's figure (Table 19). The largest number of openings, 7,168, were service occupations. A comparison of fiscal years 1983 and 1984 indicates an increase in openings in every major occupational group. The largest percentage increase in jobs occurred in the processing category, 50.3 percent.

Jobs received with employment duration over 150 days, represented the largest number and percentage of all jobs received. Jobs with 4 to 150 days duration numbered 6,644 in 1983 and 8,302 in 1984. The increase between years for over 150 days duration jobs, was the largest of the three categories, 28.0 percent followed closely by jobs with a duration of 4 to 150 days, 25.0 percent.

TABLE 18
CHARACTERISTICS OF FULLY REGISTERED ACTIVE APPLICANTS
VERMONT JOB SERVICE
FY 1983 AND FY 1984 1/

CHARACTERISTICS	FY 1983 NUMBER	FY 1983 %	FY 1984 NUMBER	FY 1984 %	% CHANGE FY1983-FY1984
TOTAL 2/	73,860	100.0	75,063	100.0	1.6
SEX					
Male	41,296	55.9	42,943	57.2	4.0
Female	32,564	44.1	32,120	42.8	- 1.4
OCCUPATION					
Professional 3/	10,379	14.0	9,865	13.1	- 5.0
Clerical & Sales	16,220	22.0	16,334	21.8	0.7
Service	15,184	20.6	15,262	20.2	0.5
Farming 4/	2,181	2.9	2,442	3.2	12.0
Processing	1,034	1.4	1,174	1.6	13.5
Machine Trades	5,899	8.0	6,009	8.0	1.9
Bench Work	3,988	5.4	4,155	5.4	4.2
Structural Work	11,060	15.0	12,076	16.0	9.2
Miscellaneous 5/	7,915	10.7	8,125	10.7	2.7
AGE 6/					
15 and under	335	0.5	371	0.5	10.8
16 - 19	9,519	12.9	9,059	12.1	- 5.1
20 - 21	7,702	10.4	7,451	9.9	- 3.3
22 - 39	41,923	56.8	42,275	56.3	0.8
40 - 54	10,564	14.3	11,381	15.2	7.7
55 and over	3,751	5.1	4,452	5.9	18.7
EDUCATION					
0 - 7	1,450	2.0	1,486	1.6	2.5
8 - 11	18,394	24.9	18,954	25.0	3.0
12	33,727	45.6	35,839	47.4	6.3
12+	20,289	27.5	19,684	26.0	- 2.1
VETERAN	10,142	13.7	10,444	13.9	3.0
Vietnam Era	4,180	5.7	4,465	5.6	6.8
HANDICAPPED	3,511	4.8	3,431	4.6	- 2.3

1/ Fiscal Year 1983: October 1982 - September 1983
Fiscal Year 1984: October 1983 - September 1984
2/ Total includes applicant with invalid occupational codes.
3/ Also includes Technical and Managerial occupations.
4/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry occupations.
5/ Motor Freight, Transportation, Packaging & Materials Handling and Other occupations.
6/ Age breakout may not equal total applicants due to reporting procedures.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

TABLE 19
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED
VERMONT JOB SERVICE
FY 1983 and FY 1984 1/

OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY AND DURATION OF JOB	FY 1983 NUMBER	FY 1983 %	FY 1984 NUMBER	FY 1984 %	% CHANGE FY1983-FY1984
TOTAL	21,402	100.0	26,523	100.0	23.9
OCCUPATION					
Professional 2/	1,404	6.6	1,591	6.0	13.3
Clerical & Sales	4,980	23.3	5,502	20.8	10.5
Service	5,819	27.2	7,168	27.0	23.2
Farming 3/	1,592	7.4	1,812	6.8	13.8
Processing	306	1.4	460	1.7	50.3
Machine Trades	954	4.4	1,315	5.0	37.8
Benchwork	790	3.7	929	3.5	17.6
Structural Work	3,292	15.4	4,475	16.9	35.9
Miscellaneous 4/	2,265	10.6	3,271	12.3	44.4
DURATION					
Over 150 days	12,778	59.7	16,359	61.7	28.0
4 to 150 days	6,644	31.0	8,302	31.3	25.0
3 days or less	1,980	9.3	1,862	7.0	- 6.0

1/ Fiscal Year 1983: October 1982 - September 1983
Fiscal Year 1984: October 1983 - September 1984
2/ Also includes Technical and Managerial occupations.
3/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry occupations.
4/ Motor Freight, Transporation, Packaging & Materials Handling and Other occuaptions.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training

Table 20 shows full- or part-time employment status of Vermont's civilian labor force by age and sex for 1984. Approximately 94.7 percent of the full-time labor force aged 16 and over were employed. The employed portion aged 16 and over of the part-time labor force was 92.9 percent. Women accounted for 37.7 percent of those in the full-time labor force as compared to 71.4 percent of the part-time labor force.

Unemployed persons represented 5.0 percent of the full-time labor force and 6.3 percent of the part-time labor force. As seen in Table 20, the highest unemployed group was males, age 16-19, in the full-time labor force. Males, age 20 and over, in the part-time labor force represented the lowest rate, 4.0 percent.

TABLE 20

Full- or part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age
1984 annual averages, population-controlled
(Numbers in thousands)

	Full-Time Labor Force						Part-Time Labor Force			
	Total	Employed			Unemployed		Total	Employed	Unemployed	
		Total	On F-T Schedules	P-T for Economic Reasons	Total	Rate			Total	Rate
Both Sexes, Age 16+	228	216	202	14	11	5.0	42	39	3	6.3
Age 16 - 19	11	9	7	2	1	12.6	9	8	1	12.6
Age 20+	217	207	195	12	10	4.6	33	31	2	4.6
Male, Age 16+	141	134	128	6	7	5.1	12	11	1	6.8
Age 16 - 19	6	5	4	1	1	17.1	4	3	NA	12.7
Age 20+	136	129	124	5	6	4.5	8	8	NA	4.0
Female, Age 16+	86	82	74	8	4	4.9	30	28	2	6.1
Age 16 - 19	5	4	3	1	NA	7.1	5	4	1	12.6
Age 20+	81	78	71	7	4	4.7	25	24	1	4.8

NA - Not Available

Source: Current Population Survey
1984 Annual Averages

Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment by sex and age for 1984 are shown on Table 21. New entrants or reentrants to the labor force accounted for 35.7 percent of total unemployed, aged 16 or over. Women, 16 years of age and over, represented 42.9 percent of all unemployed, 33.3 percent of all job losers and leavers and 60.0 percent of all new entrants and reentrants.

TABLE 21

Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment by sex and age
1984 annual averages, population-controlled
(Numbers in thousands)

	Total	Job Losers & Leavers					New Entrants & Reentrants				
			Losers				New Entrants			Reentrants	
		Total	Total	On Layoff	Leavers	Total	Seeking Temporary Work	Total	Never Workd F-T	Total	Last Worked <5 Years Ago
Both Sexes, Age 16+	14	9	8	4	1	5	NA	1	1	3	3
Age 16 - 19	2	1	1	NA	NA	2	NA	1	1	1	1
Age 20+	12	9	7	3	1	3	NA	NA	NA	3	2
Male, Age 16+	8	6	5	2	1	2	NA	1	NA	1	1
Age 16 - 19	1	1	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Age 20+	6	6	5	2	1	1	NA	NA	NA	1	1
Female, Age 16+	6	3	3	2	1	3	NA	1	NA	2	2
Age 16 - 19	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Age 20+	5	3	3	2	1	2	NA	NA	NA	2	2

NA - Not Available

Source: Current Population Survey
1984 Annual Averages

New this year is the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis fact sheet. Titled BEAR FACTS, this is a one page computer generated narrative of estimates for the State, Burlington Metropolitan Area and each County.

It contains four sections, each treating one facet of personal income: per capita personal income, total personal income, the components of personal income and earnings by major industry. The per capita and total personal income sections include current estimates, growth rates, and comparison of the areas income to other local areas and to the nation. The other sections list the area's most important sources of income, what percent of income they generate and how fast they are growing.

BEARFACTS

VERMONT
1982-83

VERMONT IS ONE OF THE 51 STATES IN THE UNITED STATES. (THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA IS INCLUDED FOR RANKING PURPOSES.) ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 525,300 RANKED 49TH IN THE NATION.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, VERMONT HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,957. THIS PCPI RANKED 37TH IN THE UNITED STATES AND WAS 85 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 4.6 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, VERMONT HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $5,230,517*. THIS TPI RANKED 51ST IN THE UNITED STATES AND ACCOUNTED FOR 0.2 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.7 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF VERMONT. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 64.7 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.2 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 7.2 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.7 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.3 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN VERMONT INCREASED FROM $3,416,941* IN 1982 TO $3,674,153* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 7.5 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 22.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 19.6 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.7 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 23.4 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

BURLINGTON, VT
1982-83

BURLINGTON IS ONE OF THE 313 METROPOLITAN AREAS IN THE UNITED STATES. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 123,800 RANKED 256TH IN THE NATION.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, BURLINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,151. THIS PCPI RANKED 159TH IN THE UNITED STATES AND WAS 95 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.0 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, BURLINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $1,380,745*. THIS TPI RANKED 239TH IN THE UNITED STATES. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.5 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF BURLINGTON. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 73.3 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 14.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 11.7 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.2 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 4.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 0.1 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN BURLINGTON INCREASED FROM $1,116,262* IN 1982 TO $1,212,168* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 8.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 33.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 17.8 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 4.9 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.1 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 19.6 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

ADDISON, VERMONT
1982-83

ADDISON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 30,800 RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ADDISON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,346. THIS PCPI RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 84 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 71 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 1.7 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ADDISON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $257,220*. THIS TPI RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 4.9 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.8 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ADDISON. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 64.8 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 15.4 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 3.9 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.1 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ADDISON INCREASED FROM $153,307* IN 1982 TO $159,834* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 3.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 22.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 10.6 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM (10.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH DECLINED 24.4 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (5.1 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 21.4 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

BENNINGTON, VERMONT
1982-83

BENNINGTON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 34,300 RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, BENNINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,463. THIS PCPI RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE, AND WAS 105 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 90 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.3 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, BENNINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $358,697*. THIS TPI RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 6.2 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.7 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF BENNINGTON. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 57.8 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 25.3 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.9 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.2 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN BENNINGTON INCREASED FROM $209,508* IN 1982 TO $230,997* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 10.3 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 26.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 24.0 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 14.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT (7.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 8.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 12.1 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

CALEDONIA, VERMONT
1982-83

CALEDONIA IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 26,200 RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, CALEDONIA HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,623. THIS PCPI RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 87 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 74 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.8 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, CALEDONIA HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $225,847*. THIS TPI RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 4.3 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.0 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF CALEDONIA. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 59.5 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 20.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 19.9 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 5.9 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CALEDONIA INCREASED FROM $133,371* IN 1982 TO $140,758* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 5.5 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 17.0 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 12.2 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 10.9 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS CONSTRUCTION (7.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH DECLINED 3.2 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING (APPROXIMATELY 10 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 10 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

CHITTENDEN, VERMONT
1982-83

CHITTENDEN IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS PART OF THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 118,700 RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, CHITTENDEN HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,254. THIS PCPI RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE, AND WAS 113 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 96 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.1 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, CHITTENDEN HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $1,336,326*. THIS TPI RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 25.5 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.6 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF CHITTENDEN. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 73.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 14.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 11.5 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.2 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 4.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS REMAINED UNCHANGED.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CHITTENDEN INCREASED FROM $1,108,765* IN 1982 TO $1,204,792* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 34.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 17.8 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 4.9 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.1 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 19.6 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

ESSEX, VERMONT
1982-83

ESSEX IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 6,600 RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ESSEX HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $7,592. THIS PCPI RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 76 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 65 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 1.2 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ESSEX HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $50,160*. THIS TPI RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 1.0 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.3 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ESSEX. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 62.1 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 14.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 23.3 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 6.7 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.0 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ESSEX INCREASED FROM $25,917* IN 1982 TO $27,499* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 6.1 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 40 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, APPROXIMATELY 30 PERCENT; AND FARM, 6.3 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM, WHICH DECLINED 19.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 10 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

FRANKLIN, VERMONT
1982-83

FRANKLIN IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 36,000 RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, FRANKLIN HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,033. THIS PCPI RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 91 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 77 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.2 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, FRANKLIN HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $325,170*. THIS TPI RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 6.2 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 4.9 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF FRANKLIN. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 67.1 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 14.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 18.4 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 6.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.9 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN FRANKLIN INCREASED FROM $159,421* IN 1982 TO $167,648* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 5.2 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 18.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 14.6 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 11.3 PERCENT; AND DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 11.0 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM (10.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH DECLINED 23.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 17.8 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

GRAND ISLE, VERMONT
1982-83

GRAND ISLE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS PART OF THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 5,100 RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, GRAND ISLE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,746. THIS PCPI RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 88 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 75 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,587). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 2.9 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, GRAND ISLE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $44,419*. THIS TPI RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 0.8 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.9 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF GRAND ISLE. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 65.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 17.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 17.2 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 7.6 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.7 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN GRAND ISLE DECLINED FROM $7,427* IN 1982 TO $7,376* IN 1983, A DECLINE OF 1.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 18.2 PERCENT; AND FARM, 15.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM, WHICH DECLINED 38.2 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS SERVICES, WHICH INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

LAMOILLE, VERMONT
1982-83

LAMOILLE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 17,300 RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, LAMOILLE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,343. THIS PCPI RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 94 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 80 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.1 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, LAMOILLE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $161,917*. THIS TPI RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.1 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.1 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF LAMOILLE. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 60.4 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 17.5 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 6.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN LAMOILLE INCREASED FROM $82,996* IN 1982 TO $87,816* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 5.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 20.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; RETAIL TRADE, 14.2 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 14.0 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM (5.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH DECLINED 14.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, WHICH INCREASED 10.7 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

ORANGE, VERMONT
1982-83

ORANGE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 23,700 RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ORANGE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,212. THIS PCPI RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 82 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 70 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 2.4 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ORANGE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $194,863*. THIS TPI RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.7 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 4.6 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ORANGE. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 61.8 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 20.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 17.7 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 5.3 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.9 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ORANGE INCREASED FROM $92,245* IN 1982 TO $88,555* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 7.7 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 21.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 15.5 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 14.4 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM (10.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH DECLINED 22.5 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (7.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 29.5 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

ORLEANS, VERMONT
1982-83

ORLEANS IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 23,800 RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ORLEANS HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $7,609. THIS PCPI RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 76 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 65 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 2.3 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, ORLEANS HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $181,434*. THIS TPI RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.5 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.4 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ORLEANS. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 56.1 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.0 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 22.0 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ORLEANS INCREASED FROM $105,857* IN 1982 TO $110,335* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 4.2 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 19.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 16.8 PERCENT; STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.7 PERCENT; AND FARM, 10.3 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS FARM, WHICH DECLINED 24.4 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS RETAIL TRADE (10.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 14.7 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

RUTLAND, VERMONT
1982-83

RUTLAND IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 58,800 RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, RUTLAND HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,136. THIS PCPI RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 102 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 87 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,587). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 4.6 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS EQUAL TO THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, RUTLAND HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $596,384*. THIS TPI RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 11.4 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.7 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS EQUAL TO THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF RUTLAND. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 62.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.0 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 18.4 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 7.0 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 7.4 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN RUTLAND INCREASED FROM $366,968* IN 1982 TO $393,283* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 7.2 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 22.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 21.2 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 11.3 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 3.9 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS RETAIL TRADE, WHICH INCREASED 12.6 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

WASHINGTON, VERMONT
1982-83

WASHINGTON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 53,500 RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WASHINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,589. THIS PCPI RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE, AND WAS 106 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 91 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,587). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.2 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND EQUAL TO THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WASHINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $566,866*. THIS TPI RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 10.2 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 5.9 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WASHINGTON. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 64.7 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 17.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 17.4 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.5 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS DECLINED 0.7 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WASHINGTON INCREASED FROM $376,677* IN 1982 TO $409,630* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 8.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 24.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 20.5 PERCENT; AND DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 10.5 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS RETAIL TRADE (9.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 6.6 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 14.5 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

WINDHAM, VERMONT
1982-83

WINDHAM IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 38,500 RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WINDHAM HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,216. THIS PCPI RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 103 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 87 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.2 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WINDHAM HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $393,382*. THIS TPI RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 7.5 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WINDHAM. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 61.1 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.7 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 11.7 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.7 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 5.1 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WINDHAM INCREASED FROM $279,366* IN 1982 TO $319,593* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 14.4 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 23.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 13.1 PERCENT; CONSTRUCTION, 10.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, 10.5 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 7.9 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION, WHICH INCREASED 30.4 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

BEARFACTS

WINDSOR, VERMONT
1982-83

WINDSOR IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1983 POPULATION OF 51,800 RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WINDSOR HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,384. THIS PCPI RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 104 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($9,957) AND 89 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($11,687). THE 1983 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 4.0 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (4.6 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (5.2 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1983, WINDSOR HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $537,832*. THIS TPI RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 10.7 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1983 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 3.8 PERCENT FROM 1982. THE 1982-83 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (5.7 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (6.2 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WINDSOR. IN 1983, EARNINGS WERE 58.5 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 24.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 17.3 PERCENT. FROM 1982 TO 1983, EARNINGS INCREASED 3.5 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 4.6 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WINDSOR INCREASED FROM $325,046* IN 1982 TO $326,987* IN 1983, AN INCREASE OF 0.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1983 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 22.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 16.8 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 10.8 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 9.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1982 TO 1983 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH DECLINED 18.3 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (4.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1983), WHICH INCREASED 19.0 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

1985 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND EXPLANATIONS

The Department of Health and Human Services issued new poverty income guidelines on March 8, 1985. The guidelines listed reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index. These poverty income guidelines are used as an eligibility criterion by a number of federal programs including the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA). It should be noted that Lower Living Standard Income Levels (LLSIL) were also revised for fiscal year 1985 by the Employment and Training Administration (ETA), U.S. Department of Labor, and are provided for both "Metropolitan" and "Non-Metropolitan" areas.

The definitions used in determining "family size" and "income" are derived for the most part from language used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census "Current Population Reports." Prior to 1981, there was a distinction between poverty guidelines for farm families and nonfarm families. The poverty guidelines given below are applicable to both farm and nonfarm families.

By definition, a "family" is a group of two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption who reside together; all such related persons are considered members of one family. If a household contains more than one family, the poverty guidelines are applied separately to each family, and not to the household as a whole.

A "family size of 1" is a person 15 years old or over (other than an inmate of an institution) who is not living with any relatives. Examples of unrelated individuals residing with others include a lodger, a foster child, a ward, or an employee.

"Income" refers to total annual cash receipts before taxes from all sources. These receipts include money wages and salaries before any deductions, but do not include food or rent in lieu of wages. They also include net receipts from nonfarm or farm self-employment such as receipts from a person's own business or farm after deductions for business or farm expenses.

Income also includes regular payments from social security, railroad retirement, unemployment compensation, strike benefits from union funds, veterans' benefits, public assistance including Supplemental Security Income, training stipends, alimony, child support, private pensions, regular insurance or annuity payments, income from dividends, interest, rents, royalties, periodic receipts from estates or trusts, and military family allotments or other regular support from an absent family member or someone not living in the household.

"Income" for eligibility purposes does not include capital gains, any assets drawn down as withdrawals from a bank, the sale of property, a house, a car, tax refunds, gifts, lump-sum inheritances, one-time insurance payments, or compensation for injury. Also excluded are non-cash benefits such as the employer-paid or union-paid portion of health insurance, food or rent received in lieu of wages, the value of food or fuel produced and consumed on farms, the imputed value of rent from owner-occupied nonfarm or farm housing, and such federal programs as Medicaid, food stamps, and public housing.

POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES FOR ALL STATES (except Alaska and Hawaii)

Family Size	Poverty Level	70% LLSIL*	
		Metropolitan	Non-Metropolitan
1	$ 5,250	$ 4,980	$ 4,980
2	$ 7,050	$ 7,070	$ 7,310
3	$ 8,850	$ 9,700	$10,040
4	$10,650	$11,970	$12,390
5	$12,450	$14,130	$14,620
6	$14,250	$16,520	$17,100
7	$16,050	$18,910	$19,580
8	$17,850	$21,300	$22,060
For Each Additional Person Add	$ 1,800	$ 2,390	$ 2,480

* Lower Living Standard Income Level

Labor Market Area Bulletins

Annual Summary Bulletins for each of Vermont's twelve labor market areas are published during the third quarter. Quarterly updates, providing current labor force, employment and labor supply and demand information are published four times a year, at the beginning of each quarter.

Employment Projections to 1990

Biannual employment projections by industry and occupation for Vermont.

Employment and Earnings

Annual data on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, hours and earnings, for Vermont, Burlington and Springfield Labor Market Areas.

Employment and Wages Covered by Unemployment Insurance

Annual employment and wages of employers covered by Vermont's Unemployment Compensation Laws distributed by industry and county.

Profile of Active Applicants

Report presents a listing of persons registered for work with the Vermont Job Service. Published four times a year in March, June, September and December.

Civilian Labor Force - an estimate of all people over 16 years of age who are either employed or unemployed.

Total Employment - an estimate of residents who earned wages during the week including the 12th of the month. This estimate includes residents employed in wage and salary jobs as well as agricultural workers, domestics, self-employed and unpaid family workers and workers on strike.

Total Unemployment - is an estimate of the number of residents who were not working during the survey week, but were able and available for work.

Unemployment Rate - is the total number of unemployed divided by the civilian labor force. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded data.

Labor Force Participation Rate - the proportion of the population over 16 years of age which is in the labor force (labor force ÷ population).

Insured Unemployment - the number of people receiving unemployment insurance benefits.

Labor Force Methodology - Current Population Survey Adjusted estimates consists of benchmarking the monthly handbook estimates to Current Population Survey annual averages.

Current Population Survey - is a monthly survey of households conducted by the Bureau of the Census resulting in estimates of employed and unemployed nationwide and for selected States and areas.

Wage and Salary Employment - an estimate of the number of individual jobs by place of work during the week including the 12th of the month.

Consuer Price Index (CPI) - a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The new CPI-U for all Urban consumers covers approximately 80 percent of the total civilian non-institutional population.

Per Capita Personal Income - a measure of the total personal income of the residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area.

LABOR MARKET AREAS *
AND
BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA (MSA)

BARRE LABOR MARKET: Washington County; Orange County except townships of Strafford, Thetford, Tunbridge; village of East Granville in Addison County; townships of Groton and Ryegate in Caledonia County; townships of Huntington and Bolton in Chittenden County.

BENNINGTON LABOR MARKET: Bennington County.

BRATTLEBORO LABOR MARKET: Townships of Brattleboro, Brookline, Dover, Dummerston, Guilford, Halifax, Jamaica, Marlboro, Newfane, Putney, Somerset, Stratton, Townshend, Vernon, Wardsboro, Whitingham and Wilmington in Windham County.

BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA: Chittenden County except townships of Bolton, Huntington, Underhill and Westford; townships of South Hero and Grand Isle in Grand Isle County; township of Georgia in Franklin County.

MIDDLEBURY LABOR MARKET: Addison County except township of Granville and Hancock.

MORRISVILLE LABOR MARKET: Lamoille County.

NEWPORT LABOR MARKET: Orleans County; Essex County except townships of Concord, East Haven, Granby, Guildhall, Lunenburg, Maidstone and Victory.

RUTLAND LABOR MARKET: Rutland County.

ST. ALBANS LABOR MARKET: Franklin County except townships of Georgia; townships of Alburg, Isle LaMotte and North Hero in Grand Isle County; townships of Westford and Underhill in Chittenden County.

ST. JOHNSBURY LABOR MARKET: Caledonia County except townships of Groton and Ryegate; townships of Concord, East Haven, Granby, Guildhall, Lunenburg, Maidstone and Victory in Essex County.

SPRINGFIELD LABOR MARKET: Townships of Andover, Baltimore, Cavendish, Chester, Ludlow, Reading, Springfield, Weathersfield, Weston, West Windsor and Windsor in Windsor County; townships of Athens, Grafton, Londonderry, Rockingham, Westminster and Windham in Windham County.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION LABOR MARKET: Townships of Tunbridge, Strafford and Thetford in Orange County; townships of Granville and Hancock in Addison County; townships of Barnard, Bethel, Bridgewater, Hartford, Hartland, Norwich, Plymouth, Pomfret, Rochester, Royalton, Sharon, Stockbridge and Woodstock in Windsor County.

*Revised from prior years as mandated by the Federal Office of Management and Budget designation of Burlington as a Metropolitan Statistical Area.